

Instruction Manual PS 18 Differential Pressure Transducer



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Purpose of instruction manual

This instruction manual describes the features of the PS18 differential pressure transducer and provides guidelines for its use.

Improper use of this instrument or failure to follow these instructions may cause injury or equipment damage. All individuals responsible for operating this instrument must therefore be properly trained and aware of the hazards, and must carefully follow these operating instructions and the safety precautions detailed within. **Contact the manufacturer if you do not understand any part of this instruction manual.**

Handle this manual with care:

- It must be readily available throughout the lifecycle of the instrument.
- It must be provided to any individuals who assume responsibility for operating the instrument at a later date.
- It must include any supplementary materials provided by the manufacturer.

The manufacturer reserves the right to continue developing this instrument model without documenting such development in each individual case. The manufacturer will be happy to determine whether this manual is up-to-date.

Conformity

This instrument corresponds to the state of the art and meets all legal requirements set forth in EC directives as evidenced by the CE label.

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The manufacturer owns the copyright to this instruction manual. This manual contains data, instructions and drawings pertaining to the features and usage of this instrument; copying this manual in part or in full or distributing it to third parties is prohibited.

1 Safety precautions

1.1 Appropriate use

In addition to differential pressure data, the PS18 differential pressure transducer also records positive and negative overpressures.

Always observe the operating requirements—particularly the permissible supply voltage—indicated on the rating plate and in the "Technical data" section of this manual.

The instrument may only be handled as indicated in this manual. Modifications to the instrument are prohibited. The manufacturer is not liable for damages caused by improper use or failure to follow these instructions. Violations of this type render all warranty claims null and void.

1.2 Shipping, assembly, electrical connections and start-up

Do not close the pressure input ports when shipping, as changes in barometric pressure could damage instruments with low measuring ranges.

Only technical personnel who are appropriately trained and authorized by the operator of the facility may assemble the instrument and set up its electrical connections.

The instrument may only be operated by appropriately trained individuals who have been authorized by the operator of the facility.

Pressurized air or breath is not to be used for performance tests, as this could damage instruments with low measurement ranges.

Measurement errors may occur if the instrument is not kept protected from sunlight.

Specific safety precautions are given in individual sections of this manual.

1.3 Troubleshooting, maintenance, repairs, disposal

The individual responsible for the electrical connections must be notified immediately if the instrument is damaged or if errors occur that cannot be corrected as indicated in section 5.

This individual must take the instrument out of service until the error has been corrected and ensure that it cannot be used unintentionally.

Always unplug the supply voltage before opening the instrument!

This instrument requires no maintenance.

Only the manufacturer may perform repairs that require the housing to be opened.

The electronic components of the instrument contain environmentally hazardous materials and materials that can be reused. For this reason the instrument must be recycled in accordance with the environmental guidelines of the jurisdiction in question once it has been taken permanently out of service.

1.4 Symbols

The symbols given below are used throughout this manual to indicate instances when improper operation could result in the following hazards:



WARNING! This warns you of a potential hazard that could lead to bodily injury up to and including death if the corresponding instructions are not followed.



WARNING: This warns you of a potential hazard that could lead to significant property damage if corresponding instructions are not followed.



INFORMATION: This indicates that the corresponding information is important for operating the instrument properly.

2 Instrument description

The PS 18 pressure transducer is a pneumatic, electrical sensor for measuring overpressures, vacuum pressures and differential pressures. Typical applications include, for instance, the monitoring of filters in air-conditioning and ventilation ducts.

At the heart of the transducer is a pressure measurement capsule with a beryllium bronze membrane spring, which is displaced by the pressure difference between the two chambers of the measurement capsule. Inductive displacement transducers measure membrane deflection without contacting the membrane. The instrument has no frictional parts or parts subject to mechanical wear.

3 Start-up

3.1 Features

Although the PS 18 pressure transducer is highly robust, it is nevertheless a precision instrument and should be handled with care. Avoid mounting the PS11/PK11 in the direct vicinity of any sources of heat or radiation. Ideally, the instrument should be mounted vertically (ports should be pointing down) and on a wall not subject to vibration.

When connecting pressure to the transducer, use the following table to ensure that the sign of the pressure (+ or -) is correct.

Measuring task	Connect pressure to	Example
overpressure / pos. differential pressure	+ input port	01 kPa
vacuum / neg. differential pressure	- input port	0 500 Pa

3.2 Instrument connections:

The supply voltage for the PS 18 should be connected at terminals 2 and 3. The pressure transducer is protected against reverse polarity of the supply voltage. The PS 18 output signal is available at signal terminals 1 and 2. The output voltage is protected against short circuits for a short period.



Model PS 18:

Terminal ST3	Assignment
Pin 3	24 VAC or +24 VDC:
Pin 2	24 VAC or GND
	(ground)
Pin 1	output signal
	010 V
	020 mA
	420 mA

The power supply is connected at pins 2 and 3; please make certain that pin 2 is the internal reference (ground).

The output signal lies between pins 1 and 2.



Observe the required supply voltage (see rating plate) as well as the connection diagram located on the housing cover / circuit board mount.

4 Calibrating the zero point



Please remember that it takes roughly 30 to 60 minutes for the pressure transducer to warm up after it is switched on. The output signal may not remain stable during this period.

It is recommended that the zero point after a long operating time (approximately 6 months) is checked and if necessary calibrate it again.

The zero point can be calibrated using potentiometer 0 after the pressure transducer has warmed up. Use the following table to look up the value to which the analogue output must be set when the ports are open; this value is dependent upon the output signal.

measurement range	010 V	020 mA	420 mA
zero point	0.00 V	0.00 mA	4.00 mA

5 Troubleshooting

Error description	Potential cause	Corrective action
no output signal	supply voltage is not connectedincorrect supply voltage	 connect correct supply voltage connect the correct supply voltage (see rating plate).
output signal is constant, despite change in pressure	 pressure ports reversed 	 connect the pressure as described in Section 3.1
output signal incorrect	 defective pressure measurement cell 	 send the instrument to the manufacturer for repair
zero point cannot be adjusted using P0	 defective pressure measurement cell 	 send the instrument to the manufacturer for repair

6 Technical data

Measurement data	
measurement ranges	0250 Pa to 020 kPa
	(others available upon request)
overload capacity	10 x the final value of the measurement range
	(for measurement ranges ≤ 20 kPa)
	2 x the final value of the measurement range
	(for measurement ranges > 20 kPa)
hysteresis	0.1 %
warm-up period	approx. 30 min.
time required for adjustment	approx. 20 ms (up to 5 s available upon request)
deviation from characteristic curve	typically 2.5 %
(setting limiting value)	
temperature-dependent drift in zero	0.1%/ K (within the +10°C+50 °C range)
point	
temperature-dependent drift in	0.1%/ K (within the +10°C+50 °C range)
measurement range	
max. system pressure	10 kPa for measurement ranges ≤10 kPa
	for measurement ranges >10 kPa, max. nominal
	pressure
Ambient conditions	
medium	air, all non-aggressive gases
operating temperature	+10° C to +60° C
storage temperature	-10° C to +70° C
relative humidity	080 %
EMC standards	EN 50 081 part 1 and EN 50 082 part 1
conformity	
	declaration of conformity available upon request

Electrical data	
power consumption	max. 0.5 W
supply voltage	24 VDC ± 10 %
	24 VAC ±10 %, 50/60 Hz
output signal	0 to 10 V, 0 to 20 mA or 4 to 20 mA
minimum load resistance RL	$R_L \ge 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ for an output voltage of 010 V
	maximum effect of load resistance = 0.3%
maximum output load R _B	$R_B = 500 \ \Omega$
	output load dependence: < 0.3 %
Physical data	
pressure port	Ø 6.5 mm for NW5 tubing
	(interior tubing diameter = 5 mm)
electrical connection	screw terminals for cables up to 2.5 mm ²
mounting orientation	vertical
	(if horizontal, use potentiometer 0 to reset)
dimensions (w x h x d)	99 x 32.8 x 88.5 mm
protection class	IP20
weight	0.4 kg
options	 linearity protocol
	DKD calibration certificate
	 output signal attenuation up to 5 s

Appendix A: Parts in contact with measurement medium

- Beryllium bronze CuBe2
- Mu metal (nickel alloy)
- Brass CuZn39Pb3
- Aluminium AlCuMgPb / AlMg3
- Silicon (tubing), optional: Viton
- Crastin (PTBP)

- Araldite CY236 / HY988
- Loctite 242e
- Carbonyl iron
- KEL (FPM: fluorinated rubber)
- Vepuran Vu 4457/51
- UHU-Plus endfest 300 binder

7 Dimension drawings





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